

Mount Vernon Signal.

VOLUME XII.

MT. VERNON, ROCKCASTLE COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1898.

NUMBER 49.

QUIETLY ENDED.

Spanish-American War, Which Raged for Months, a Thing of the Past.

The War and Navy Departments Instruct the Commanders That the War is at an End—Peace Commissioners Will Be Appointed in a Few Days.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The president has issued the following proclamation: By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION: Whereas, By a protocol concluded and signed August 12, 1898, by William R. Day, secretary of state of the United States, and his excellency, Jules Cambon, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the republic of France at Washington, respectively representing for this purpose the government of the United States and the government of Spain, the United States and Spain have formally agreed upon the terms upon which negotiations for the establishment of peace between the two countries shall be undertaken; and, Whereas, It is in said protocol agreed that upon its conclusion and signature hostilities between the two countries shall be suspended, and that notice to that effect shall be given as soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military and naval forces.

Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States, do in accordance with the stipulations of the protocol, declare and proclaim on the part of the United States, a suspension of hostilities, and do hereby command that orders be immediately given through the proper channels to the commanders of the military and naval forces of the United States to abstain from all acts inconsistent with this proclamation.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this 12th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand, eight hundred and ninety-eight, and of the independence of the United States, the one hundred and twenty-third.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY.
By the President.
WILLIAM R. DAY, Secretary of State.

A copy of the proclamation has been cabled to our army and navy commanders. Spain will cable her commanders like instructions.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The peace protocol was signed at 4:23 p.m., Friday, by the representatives of Spain and the United States. The document was satisfactory and the document was handed to M. Cambon first and then to Secretary Day who affixed signatures in that order to each side of the two copies. Then the last detail in making the protocol binding was administered by Assistant Secretary Cridler, in charge of the chancery work who attached the seal of the United States. Throughout the ceremony all but the two signers remained standing. M. Cambon in signing for Spain occupied the seat which Secretary of the Navy Long, now away on a vacation, usually occupied. The president stood at the left hand corner at the head of the great cabinet table. Secretary Day, M. Thiebaut and M. Cambon in the order named on the left side of the table. The rest of the party were standing in other portions of the room. No credentials were produced during the meeting at the white house the president accepting Secretary Day's assurance that this had been settled to his satisfaction at the state department. It was 4:23 o'clock when the final signatures were attached to the protocol and with the knowledge of all the officials present. This was the first time that a protocol or treaty had been signed at the white house. As this ceremony concluded, Acting Secretary Allen, of the navy, Secretary Alger and Adj. Gen. Corbin appeared, having been summoned to the white house by the president, and they were admitted into the cabinet room just in season to witness one of the most impressive features of the ceremony when the president requested the hand of the ambassador and through him returned thanks to the sister republic of France for the exercise of her good offices in bringing about peace. He also thanked the ambassador personally for the important part he has played in this matter and the latter replied in suitable terms. As a further mark of his disposition, President McKinley called for the proclamation which he had caused to be drawn up suspending hostilities and signed it in the presence of M. Cambon who expressed his appreciation of the action.

Without delay Acting Secretary Allen hastened to the telephone and directed that cable messages be immediately sent to all the naval commanders, Dewey in the Philippines, Sampson at Guantanamo, and the various commanders at navy yards and stations to cease hostilities immediately. There is a dispatch boat at Hong Kong, and it is believed that it can reach Gen. Merritt in 48 hours at top speed. On the part of the army, while Secretary Alger availed of the telegraph, Adj. Gen. Corbin braved the storm and rushed across to the war department, where he immediately issued orders, which had been prepared in advance, to all of the military commanders to cease their operations. The state department filled its duty by notifying all diplomatic and consular agents of the action taken. All the formalities having been disposed of the president spent a half hour chatting with those present, and then at 4:58, the rain still continuing in force, the ambassador and his secretary entered their carriage and were driven to the embassy. The pen which was used by Secretary Day in signing the protocol was given to Chief Clerk Michael, of the state department, who had bespoken it. M. Thiebaut secured that used by the French ambassador. Upon emerging from the white house Secretary Day received the earnest congratulations of the persons present upon the conclusion of the protocol. He stated that the peace commissioners who are to draw up the definitive treaty would not be appointed for several days, but declined to indicate who they would be. As the order to military and naval commanders state further instructions will be sent to each general. Gen. Merritt will be directed to confer with the Spanish commandant at Manila to carry out the terms of the protocol, and to occupy Manila immediately. Gen. Miles will put himself in communication with the chief authority in Porto Rico for the purpose of having Spanish forces turn over San Juan and other points to him preparatory to evacuation. Owing to conditions in Cuba the orders to Gen. Shafter to be sent hereafter will be much different than those to other generals. The navy department is also preparing orders to all commanders on lines similar to the war department order.

At 12:30 o'clock the French ambassador received a dispatch giving him full authorization to sign the protocol. The dispatch was rather long and its deciphering took some time. An official statement for press publications setting out the provisions of the peace protocol was read and approved at the cabinet session Friday. It does not give the text of the document but details its main points and provisions. The protocol is a confirmation of the terms of the note given to Spain, with very little difference in the language of those terms, though with considerable supplementary paragraphs of an administrative nature. The most substantial difference is in regard to the evacuation of captured territory. The note handed to Ambassador Cambon calls for immediate evacuation of Cuba and Porto Rico, while the protocol leaves the time of evacuation to be subsequently determined upon, the design being to have the date of withdrawal left to be fixed by joint military commission of the United States and Spain. The portion of the protocol supplementary to what is embodied in the note relates principally to the manner of execution of the provisions of the protocol.

The protocol provides for two commissions, first, the peace commission, which will meet in Paris, and second, the military commission, which will meet in Havana probably within 15 days. The military commission will be created immediately on the signing of the protocol. Its duties will be of great importance. It will settle the details of the evacuation of the Spanish armies from the West Indies and will decide all questions relative to the removal of submarine mines, the immediate relinquishment to the United States of the great fortresses at Havana, San Juan and other points and the transfer of possession of Manila City itself.

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FIVE YOUTHFUL BANDITS.

The Reading of Yellow Backed Literature Leads Boys to Hold Up the Burlington Flyer at St. Joe.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 13.—The train robbers who held up the Burlington "flyer" two miles north of this city Wednesday night are under arrest and a weeping, crestfallen gang of bandits they are. The leader, James Hathaway, aged 17, is a Western Union messenger boy. His pals in high crime are: Charley Cook, Alonzo Otterburn, William Hathaway, brother of James, and Herbert Doniphan, ranging in age from 16 to 20 years. All are sons of respectable people. These intrepid road agents received the inspiration which enabled them to hold up an express train, terrorizing the trainmen, overpower the express messenger and roll his strong box out of the car door into a wagon, from persistent reading of yellow-backed romance.

The British foreign office Wednesday evening formally announced the appointment of George N. Curzon, until now the parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, as viceroy of India, in succession to the earl of Elgin.

A REVIEW OF WAR SHIPS.

An Effort Being Made to Have One in New York Harbor Next Saturday Afternoon.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Adm. Sampson, with the four big battle ships and two armored cruisers of his fleet, is now on his way north, having sailed at 10 o'clock Sunday morning from Santiago. Adm. Schley, on the Brooklyn, accompanied the fleet. The naval orders made public Monday give the Brooklyn as starting on the 11th from Playa to the south coast of Cuba. This, however, was prior to the orders issued on the suspension of hostilities, when the Brooklyn was included with other ships ordered north. The naval authorities expect the fleet at Thompsonville the latter part of the week.

The navy department is considering the project of a naval review in New York harbor on next Saturday, when the battle ships and cruisers under Adm. Sampson arrive there. Efforts have been made to induce the department to have a review of the ships and a land review of the sailors. It is probable that the final decision will be to have the war vessels to go up the river to Grant's tomb at Riverside and there fire a salute, the trip up to the tomb affording the public a sufficient opportunity to view the ships, without tiring the sailors by a land procession.



GEN. JOHN R. BROOKE.
(Leader of One of the American Armies Invading Puerto Rico.)

OVERHAULING THE TEXAS.

Repairs and Freshly Painted She Awaits a Favorable Tide to Be Floated Out of Dry Dock at Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Freshly painted and looking as trim and neat as if she had only gone into commission, the United States battle ship Texas awaits a favorable tide to be floated out of the dry dock at the Brooklyn navy yard. The needed repairs to her hull, upper sides, superstructure and machinery have been completed, under the watchful supervision of naval Constructor Bowles, and if anything the war vessel is stancher and more formidable than ever.

The authorities at the yard expect the other vessels of the squadron to arrive by the end of the week, and the cruiser Brooklyn will probably be the first to reach the yard. The new dry dock will be ready to receive one of the vessels within two weeks, as the workmen who are removing the cofferdam in front of the big dock are now cutting away the last row of high wooden piles which obstruct the entrance.

DEATH OF MAJ. F. W. REID.

His Corpse Found in His Room in a New York Hotel After Receiving News of the Fatal Illness of His Mother.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Maj. F. W. Reid, of Savannah, Ga., was found dead in his room at the Marlborough hotel Monday. Monday morning he received a telegram from Savannah signed "M. Reid," which read: "Ma. critically ill; come at once."

Late Monday afternoon when another telegram was delivered at the hotel for Maj. Reid, being unable to arouse him, the door of his room was broken and he was found on the floor dead. Death was due to cerebral apoplexy. The second telegram announced the death of Mrs. Reid.

Thirty-Two Drowned.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 16.—Additional details relative to the terrible cloudburst in Hawkins county last Friday morning were received in this city Monday night. It was previously reported that 20 lives were lost in the flood, but it is now estimated that perhaps 32 persons became victims of this downpour from the skies.

Funeral of Mrs. Romero.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 16.—The body of Mrs. Romero, wife of the Mexican minister at Washington, which was brought here by her distinguished husband, has been buried and the funeral was attended by people of the highest official circles. The minister will soon return to Washington.

CITY OF MANILA IS OURS.

It Was Surrendered to Adm. Dewey After a Fierce Bombardment on Saturday Last.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The department of state has just issued the following:

The following dispatch was received at the department of state at 11:15 p. m., August 15 from Consul Wildman, Hong Kong:

"Augustin says Dewey bombarded Manila Saturday. City surrendered unconditionally. Augustin was taken by Germans in a launch to the Kaiserin Augusta and brought to Hong Kong. I repeat report."

The information contained in Consul Wildman's brief message aroused intense interest but created no surprise among those officials who received it. For two or three days news of the fall of Manila has been expected. The last dispatches received from Adm. Dewey and Gen. Merritt indicated that it was their purpose to force a surrender of the city as soon as possible.

It is believed that they joined in a note to Gen. Augustin demanding the surrender of Manila, threatening to make a combined sea and land attack upon the city unless the demand was acceded to. While no further information than that received in Consul Wildman's dispatch has been received by the administration, it is in a measure confirmed by a brief dispatch Monday from Madrid.

As soon as the protocol was signed last Friday afternoon dispatches were sent to both Adm. Dewey and Gen. Merritt via Hong Kong. On Saturday the British ship Australian left Hong Kong for Manila bearing dispatches to the government. It was expected that they would hardly reach Manila before decisive measures would have been taken by the American commanders, but every possible precaution was made to insure their safety.

The report of Gen. Augustin being in its accuracy is not questioned. The probabilities are that official dispatches will be received by the government on Monday or Tuesday at the latest. The report of Gen. Augustin from Manila is somewhat amusing, coming as it does on Monday night. As one of the officials here said: "If he had not arrived at the head of the column, he would have been a hero; but he had and he will be now branded as a coward."

HONG KONG, Aug. 16.—Gen. Augustin, captain general of the Philippines, arrived by the Kaiserin Augusta. He refuses to be interviewed and will say nothing more than that he is going to Spain at the first opportunity. The precise facts are not known, but it is supposed that Gen. Augustin fled from the Philippines.

HONG KONG, Aug. 16.—It was rumored here Monday night that Manila had surrendered, but no news is obtainable from the Spanish consul. Gov. Gen. Augustin refused to speak. The German consul was called upon and he informed the correspondent that the outskirts of Manila were bombarded by the Americans and that the city surrendered. No damage was done to the city proper, only the outskirts being bombarded. The date of the bombardment was unknown to the German consul, who refused to say more.

Gen. Augustin told a lady that Adm. Dewey demanded the surrender of Manila in an hour. The Spaniards declined to surrender and Dewey began the bombardment and the Spaniards hoisted a white flag. Gen. Augustin immediately jumped into a German launch which was in waiting and went to the Kaiserin Augusta, which sailed before the bombardment was concluded. The bombardment occurred on the 13th.

Is Russia Weakening?

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The semi-official Journal de St. Petersburg in Monday's issue deprecates the tone of the British press and says: "Russia does not contemplate further acquisitions in the far east. Her only object is to preserve the advantages recently gained. The Russian government does not desire to injure the economic interests of great Britain any more than those of any other power."

Mail Service to Be Resumed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The mail service between the United States and Spain will be resumed promptly so far as this country is concerned. The two countries being practically at peace the officials here see no reason why mail passing between them should be opened and censored as during the war, and hereafter these restrictions will be removed.

Forty-Two Graves Found.

FOREST, O., Aug. 16.—While working on a new pike south of here workmen discovered 42 graves containing skeletons of Indians. Bells, hatchets and other relics were also found.

THE FARMERS' BANK and TRUST COMPANY, OF STANFORD, KY.

Successors to the Lincoln National Bank.

By provision of its charter, depositors are as fully protected as are depositors in National Banks, its shareholders being held individually liable to the extent of the amount of stock therein at the par value thereof in addition to the amount invested in such shares. It may act as Executor, Administrator, Trustee or Receiver, as an individual.

Condition of the Farmers Bank and Trust Co., Stanford, Kentucky, December 31, 1896.

RESOURCES:	LIABILITIES:
Notes and Bills.....\$202,515.21	Capital Stock.....\$200,000.00
Other Stocks and Bonds.....1,995.82	Surplus Fund.....19,433.44
Overdrafts.....4,392.41	Individual Deposits.....155,594.08
Due from Banks.....46,230.25	Due to Banks.....12,048.41
Banking House and Fixtures.....6,400.00	
Cash.....25,593.30	
\$387,045.00	\$387,045.00

DIRECTORS:

J. J. Williams, Mt. Vernon.
J. S. Owsley, Stanford.
J. B. Owsley, Stanford.
William Gooch, Stanford.
S. H. Shanks, Stanford.
S. J. Embry, Stanford.
J. F. Cash, Stanford.
A. W. Carpenter, Stanford.
W. H. Cummins, Lincoln County.
J. E. Lynn, Stanford.
J. N. Menefee, Stanford.

S. H. SHANKS, President. J. B. OWSLEY, Cashier.
W. M. BRIGHT, Teller.

We solicit all having business in bank to call or write us, and they will receive prompt attention. J. B. OWSLEY, Cashier.

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Capital Stock.....\$200,000. Surplus.....\$23,100.

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We solicit the accounts of the citizens of Rockcastle and adjoining counties, assuring them prompt and careful attention to all business entrusted to us. Personal application and correspondence, with a view to business relations, respectfully invited.

J. S. HOCKER, Pres. JNO. J. McROBERTS, Cashier.

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FRIDAY, AUG. 19, 1898

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FOR CONGRESS

HON. G. G. GILBERT,
OF SHELBY.

HON. GEO. G. GILBERT, of Shelbyville, Ky., the Democratic nominee for Congress in this district, was mingling and mixing with the citizens of our county for several days last week. Although Mr. Gilbert has not formally opened his campaign yet, he made a speech at Livingston on Thursday, addressed the Rockcastle county, teachers on Friday and on Saturday spoke at Adams' Grove picnic and spent the evening at Broadhead. The great and favorite son of Shelby proved himself a superb mixer as well as a splendid speaker. Mr. Gilbert started out in life on the farm, where he was born. Many a day has he turned the turf, dropped, thinned, plowed, cut and gathered corn, bound oats and cradled wheat, having worked all day he would study till late at night preparing himself for public school teaching, which he afterwards did so acceptably to both patron and pupil. Nature blessed him with a great intellect and gave him a mind especially fitted for the study and practice of law, which he then took up and was soon admitted to the bar, where he has gradually pushed his way to the front. As a lawyer he is recognized among the ablest in Kentucky. As a legislator he won laurels for himself in the State Senate. He is thoroughly acquainted with national legislation and knows the wants and needs of the people. This is a crucial period with grave and momentous questions confronting us on every side, demanding a leader of trenchant wisdom; of superb intellect; a splendid courage; of unquestionable integrity; of strong political opinions with sufficient eloquence to impress them upon the mind of the people and to crystallize them into good and wholesome laws for the benefit of the toiling laboring masses of the county. Such a man is the Hon. G. G. Gilbert.

HOSTILITIES between this country and Spain have been declared suspended, and peace, like a white dove, is now hovering over the West Indies and the Philippine Islands. Cuba is freed from Spanish tyranny and is now as free as the wind. Spain is convinced that the diabolical crime of blowing up the Maine, and the destruction of 266 brave men have been amply avenged by destruction of two Spanish fleets, the sinking and capturing of thirty-five of her warships, and the loss of several thousand of her men. While the wrong done us has been quickly redressed at a stupendous cost, yet it will teach other nations what character of people we are, and they will henceforth, forever and eternally "keep off the grass."

We have made it so terrible hot for Spain that she has exclaimed, "hold, enough!" The war was short and painfully expensive, costing about two millions of dollars a day.

LIVINGSTON

J. W. Carnahan, of London was here this week soliciting students for the Sue Bennett Memorial School at that place, of which he is one of the faculty.

Mrs. C. A. Moore has returned from a visit to her parents in Ohio.

Mrs. A. N. Roller and sister, Miss Cordie, were in Corbin last week.

Miss Lida, Cook, has returned home after a visit to Mrs. Chas. Parks at Parksville, Ky.

Dr. J. D. Pettus, of Crab Orchard and Jas. F. Cummins, of Stanford, were here last week. Mr. Cummins bought the stock of drugs of L. A. Pettus, to which he will add a larger stock, and says Livingston shall have a first-class drugstore second to none in the Mountains. Mr. Pettus will have charge until the first of the year when Mr. Cummins will move up with us.

Mrs. Joe Poynter, of Corbin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Sue Mullins.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Boreing have returned from a visit to Wm. Fields of Lincoln.

Miss Mayme Corden has returned to her home in New Haven after a visit to her sister, Mrs. B. N. Roller.

Mrs. Dr. Pope and daughter, Miss Bessie, have returned to their home, Leland, Miss, after a month's stay at Sambrook Hotel.

Mrs. Geo. Howell, Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Argenbright and Mrs. Ford Mahaffey left for Lexington Saturday to see the soldier boys and visit relatives.

Mrs. B. N. Roller entertained last Friday eve in honor of her sister, Miss Mayme Corden. An enjoyable time was had; and at the proper time refreshments were served and it was with much reluctance that guests took their departure. Those present were: Misses Nellie and Mary Orndorf, Lena Bentley, Ella May Saunders, Vergaline Ballard, Florence and Jesse Bowman, of Hopkinsville; Mayme Corden and Bessie Pope, of Leland, Miss.; and Messrs. Bud Cockerell, J. A. Mayfield, J. A. Hoover, Warren Williams, R. A. Sparks and W. W. Saunders.

Leon Stackpole, of Paris, was the guest of his brother-in-law, R. C. Brown last week.

J. T. Terry is in Lincoln this week.

Mrs. Laura Justice, of Lebanon Junction, is visiting friends and relatives here.

J. S. Calloway was down from London, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Dillion and Miss Linda and John, Mrs. M. M. Curd and Mrs. Jos. Coffey and Joe Linn, were in Lexington the first of the week to bid farewell to the soldier boys before their departure and to be present at the presentation of the flag which was done Tuesday.

A very enjoyable time was had Sunday eve by a trip to the notorious Lettered Rock. The crowd was chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Roller and Mrs. C. A. Moore. All speak with much praise of Mr. and Mrs. Phil. Allen of Louisville, who is spending the summer here, for the way they entertained them; and their treats of apples, grapes, peaches and watermelons were much enjoyed. Mr. Allen has a nice place near the rock, and enjoy seeing a crowd come up.

Miss Bert Mullins is visiting her aunt Mrs. E. J. Brown, in Stanford.

We are glad to know that Jno A. Mullins has received his appointment as guard at the Frankfort penitentiary. Success to John.

WILDIE.

With longing eyes and sad hearts do we look for Buck Varnon.

The people of Wildie are considerably scared since the Board of Health has granted passes to some individuals out of the small-pox district to come to Wildie unmolested.

Mrs. Dr. Bernaugh, of Stanford, Mrs. Captain Clark of Kingston, Miss Richardson and Miss Gillion, of Berea, are visiting at J. F. Butner's.

Jack Scott will start Sunday to Chicamauga, Wednesday to see his

son who is a volunteer in the U. S. army.

Mrs. A. T. Fish is very low.

Mrs. J. L. Brooks, Miss Anne Stewart and Miss Thomas were here Monday.

Miss Sallie Taylor and Miss Barton, of Ford, Ky., are visiting relatives at this place this week.

The war is all over and we will turn back to the place where we first started.

The voice of the threshing machine is heard in the land and farmers are rejoicing over the abundance of the yield of wheat.

The label on your paper gives the date to which you have paid. Look at it now.

About one month ago my child which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhoea accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief, we sent for a physician and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about and it is now perfectly healthy. L. L. Boggs, Stumptown, Gilmer Co., W. Va. For sale by M. C. and D. N. Williams.

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Local freights Nos. 27 and 28 will carry extra Coach and handle passengers between Broadhead and Livingston during Broadhead Fair, Aug. 17, 18, and 19, 1898.

Leave Livingston	6.05	A. M.
Pine Hill	6.32	"
Mt. Vernon	7.00	"
Mareburg	7.15	"
Arrive at Broadhead	7.35	"

RETURNING

Leave Broadhead	3.45	P. M.
Mareburg	4.00	"
Mt. Vernon	4.45	"
Pine Hill	6.05	"
Arrive at Livingston	6.40	"

Tickets will be on sale at all stations at one fare for the Round Trip, good on all trains.

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Rockcastle Co. Fair Ass'n.

Everything can't be done in a day. Don't grumble because the road in front of your house has not been worked as much as at some other point. You will be reached in time. Lend your influence towards building up not to tear down. It is said talk is cheap but it often proves costly when its not used in the wrong direction.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR
FLUX.

Mr. John Mathias, a well-known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering over a week with flux, and my physicians having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and have the pleasure in stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by M. C. and D. N. Williams.

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